

Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. XII.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, JAN. 31st, 1891.

No. 14.

TELEGRAPHIC.

WINNIPEG, January 24.

Five hundred cases of smallpox in Sedalia, Missouri. The disease is epidemic throughout Central and Southern States.

Prince Bandern, heir to the throne of Belgium, died suddenly on Friday. There are hints of a tragedy similar to that of Prince Rudolph of Austria two years ago.

WINNIPEG, January 29.

Seven persons were killed yesterday by the collapse of an old convent building at Rome.

The department of interior has decided to permit settlers to dispose of pre-emptions as soon as paid for, without waiting for patent.

Sir John Macdonald was banqueted on Tuesday at the Albany Club, Toronto. Replying to a toast he said the government meant to stick to the national policy.

An explosion of gas occurred at the Mammoth Coal mine of H. C. Frincke, near Pittsburg, Penn., on Tuesday. One hundred and sixty men were in the mine at the time. Only nine escaped alive. One hundred and ten bodies were recovered.

A blizzard in New York and vicinity on Sunday prostrated the telephone, telegraph, electric light wires and fire alarm wires, along the coast and for one hundred miles inland. The damage is estimated at half a million. It will take a month to repair.

Speaking at a Club Nationale banquet to Mercier on Tuesday night Laurier said the Liberal policy was the freest interchange of materials and manufactures between Canada and the United States. Though the immediate dissolution was an outrage the liberals were ready.

It is reported on the authority of missionaries that a pack of one hundred wolves attacked a small camp of Indians hunters near Dog Head, Lake Winnipeg, killing and devouring a great many of them. The Indians made a desperate fight with guns and cudgels, killing forty wolves. Owing to the scarcity of game the wolves were mad with hunger. The Indians are in a state of terror and are congregating for self protection.

WINNIPEG, January 30.

Samuel L. Lane, senior judge of the county of Grey, Ontario, is dead, aged 62.

Forty men killed and thirty injured by a colliery explosion in Westphalia, Germany.

An avalanche at Humana, Greece, destroyed eighty houses and killed twenty-five people.

Many houses were carried away and over one hundred people drowned by floods at Massouat, Egypt.

The Indian department is about to issue fresh instructions forbidding the sale of arms and ammunition to Indians.

Joseph Wrigley, commissioner of the Hudson's Bay Company, has resigned on account of continued ill health.

C. A. Magrath was elected mayor of Lethbridge by acclamation on Tuesday. There were thirteen candidates for councillors.

United States Secretary Windom dropped dead just after delivering a speech at the New York board of trade annual dinner on Thursday night.

Gladstone introduced a bill in the commons to permit a Roman Catholic to hold the offices of viceroy of Ireland and lord chancellor. Sir John Pore Hennessy proposed an amendment permitting the sovereign to be a Roman Catholic.

John Helsen aged seventy-five, treasurer of Ancaster township, near Hamilton, Ontario, was shot dead by burglars, who ransacked his house, but failed to get any money. Seven hundred dollars reward is offered for the arrest of the murderers.

WINNIPEG, January 31.

Chas. Bradlaugh, free thinker and member of parliament for Northampton, England, died on Friday.

Rumored from Ottawa that Caron will be made lieutenant-governor of Quebec, and he replaced by Oimmet. Also that Carling will be made lieutenant-governor of Ontario and be replaced by Patterson of Essex.

Sir Chas. Tupper and Sir Donald Smith left England on Thursday for Canada. It is thought they were summoned by the government to take part in the general elections, which it is said will take place on March 6th.

The Regina Standard was billed to appear on the 29th, J. K. McInnis editor and manager. The Standard is the Journal's successor and will probably be the authorized exponent of the views of the Ottawa administration.

LOCAL.

No passengers on Monday's stage.

No passengers out on Thursday's stage.

OATS are being marketed freely at 30c a bushel.

RABBITS are quite numerous in some sections of the district this winter.

L. CHASTELLAIN of St. Albert, sold \$1,300 worth of fur to the H. B. Co. on Tuesday.

REPORTED that the recent fur sales in London show a slight rise in prices in some lines.

BETWEEN Thursday at 2 p. m. and Friday at 5 a. m., fifteen hours, the thermometer fell fifty-one degrees.

P. V. GAUVREAU, land agent, who has been seriously ill for some weeks, is now in a fair way for recovery.

E. CAVERHILL is drift mining for gold in the bank of the Saskatchewan about three miles below town.

SOME specimens of the small white eagle, a bird that does not usually winter in this region, have been seen recently.

THE annual meeting of the Edmonton agricultural society is called for this afternoon in the public school house.

THE Northwest Gazette of January 15th contains the appointment of Drs. Wilson and Potvin of Edmonton as coroners.

J. FIELDSERS was elected trustee of Poplar lake school district on Wednesday of last week in the room of A. Hutchings resigned.

GEO. SUTHERLAND of the Sturgeon, who was injured very seriously in a threshing machine a couple of weeks ago, is recovering.

THREE San Francisco vessels the Grampus, Mary D. Hume and Nicolene are said to be wintering at the mouth of the Mackenzie River.

A NUMBER of large diving ducks were seen last week at Pointe Pied near Fort Saskatchewan. The river is still open in the rapids below Fort Saskatchewan.

POOR sleighing south of Battle river and no snow at all south of the Lone Pine,—the trail as dusty as in July. This was the state of affairs when the stage passed.

Grip has a cartoon on the Behring sea business, showing President Harrison and Secretary Blaine tantalizing John Bull, in order to conciliate the Irish vote.

HAWKS are still numerous at Beaver lake. Bears have not yet gone into their winter quarters. The sky was red with the light of prairie fires south of Red Deer last week.

Jos. Tuque, employed by J. Norris, sr, at his cattle ranch near the Black Mud, had one arm put out of joint at the elbow this week by a fractions ox which he was hitching up.

OWING to the resignation of Jos. Hursell from the trusteeship of East Edmonton school district a new election is going on today. W. Fielders and J. Inkster are the candidates.

BEAUTIFUL weather on Sunday, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. Rainy and sloppy on Thursday. Snowy and cold on Friday. Thirty below on Friday night. Clear, bright and cold to day.

THE Chicago Graphic of January 17th has pictures of the late Emma Abbot, Rev. C. H. Spurgeon, George Kennan, and other celebrities, including a photo of a band of Sioux ghost dancers captured on their way to the Bad Lands.

THE BULLETIN has received a copy of the special issue of the Fairhaven, Washington, Herald. Fairhaven is on Bellingham Bay, just south of the international boundary line. The Herald claims a growth for the town from 150 in 1889 to 8,000 in 1890.

CROPS at Beaver lake are being threshed by a small two horse machine owned in the Battle river settlement. Oats and barley are turning out very well, and wheat fully better than at Edmonton. Garden vegetables were an immense crop at Beaver lake last season.

CAREFUL enquiry has been made by the Indian department into the story of the sacrifice of an Indian boy in the Beaver Hills last summer, and it is now certain that there is nothing in the story beyond the fact that the boy was lost and has never been seen since.

FARMERS' market prices: Oats 30c trade, abundant supply. Barley 35c, little demand. Wheat 70c to \$1.00, the latter price only for extra seed. Potatoes 25c. Fresh eggs 40c a dozen, supply not yet equal to demand. Fresh butter 25c to 35c, limited supply. Beef by carcass 6c a pound. Pork 5c. Mutton 10c. Turkeys 15 to 17c a pound. Chickens 25c to 30c apiece. Hay 25 a ton. Cordwood \$2.50 per load of cord and a half. Coal \$2.50 to \$3 a ton.

LAST week the tie contracts for the C. & E. railway now being filled north of Red Deer were cut down by 35,000 ties. Keith was cut down from 125,000 to 95,000 and D. McLeod from 30,000 to 25,000. No reason was given, but it is supposed to be because a larger number than was expected have been taken out in the mountains.

THE Dominion Illustrated of January 10th has a photo of the monument to Wolfe and Montcalm at Quebec, a twilight sketch at Ile Aux Noix, Quebec, and a number of other sketches and engravings of interest. The "Wedding Ring" a new story by Robert Buchanan is running in the Illustrated, and adds to its attractions.

CONSUMERS PRICES: Patent process flour \$4.50 to \$5. Strong bakers \$4.25 to \$4.75. Native flour \$3 to \$4. Barley flour \$1.75. Bran \$20 a ton. Shorts \$25 a ton. Chopped feed \$25 a ton. Beef by the quarter 8c. Pork by the side 12c. Chickens 35c apiece. Turkeys 20c a pound. Pigeon lake whitefish 20c a piece. Lake St. Ann whitefish 5c a pound.

A LETTER in the Kamloops Sentinel gives an account of the troubles encountered in locating a mica ledge near Tete Jaune Cache, B. C. The ledge is about twenty miles back in the mountains. The locator says "there can be no doubt as to the quantity or quality of the mica but the difficulties of getting to and from the location are certainly great as well as expensive."

AN old resident of Victoria settlement named Harry Howse dropped dead on Wednesday. Deceased was about 100 years of age, a native of the Red River settlement, who emigrated from Portage la Prairie to Victoria when the latter settlement was established by the late Rev. George McDougall. He was a brother of the Northwest explorer Howse, and uncle of the Howse Brothers now resident in the vicinity of Edmonton.

THE price of platinum has risen steadily during the past few years, especially since the advent of the electric light, in the production of which it is found to be an absolute necessity. The market price in London is now \$20 an ounce. In each sixteen candle power lamp there are from four to eight grains of platinum. If six grains are taken as an average an ounce will be used in eighty lamps. Based on the increased use of incandescent lights within the last two years it is safe to state that the demand for sixteen candle power lamps or their equivalent in the present year will reach 10,000,000. This means a demand for 125,000 ounces of platinum, worth at the present price over \$2,000,000. The supply is mostly drawn from mines in the Ural mountains of Russia. Platinum is found in the Saskatchewan in connection with gold, with which it is frequently secured and sometimes adulterated. At present prices it would pay our miners to give more attention to this increasingly valuable metal, not only as a matter of present profit, but also with a view to the possibility that although the fountain head of the gold has as yet eluded discovery, the platinum might lead to the source of both these now equally precious metals.

THE Calgary Herald is being sued for \$5,000 libel by M. Harper of that place, who was appointed caretaker of the Calgary court house by lieutenant governor Royal but whose appointment was revoked in favor of E. N. Brown. The Herald states that the power of appointment of a caretaker has been transferred from the local government to the department of justice, and fears that this is preliminary to the removal of Brown.

By a recent decision of the United States supreme court the Great Northern railway company becomes possessed of 60,000 acres of land in the Red River Valley near Wahpeton, Dakota, a great part of which has been settled upon and improved by men who now have no title to their farms. The claim of the company is under a railway grant made in 1857.

THE Canada Gazette of January 17th announces that the census shall begin to be taken on or about the first Monday in April next, being the 6th day of the month, and that the population to be recorded shall be the population in existence then, and the other information to be gathered will have reference to the same date.

THE Saskatchewan says that Prince Albert is passing through a period of depression caused partly by the high cash freights which have to be paid to the railway company, and partly by the suspension of J. Knowles private bank.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FARMERS.

A large quantity of good bright Barley, in trade for Oats, pound for pound, at Jellett & Ottewill's, Clover Bar.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

Highest prices given for Grain, for Goods purchased from this date.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER.

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

The Cosmopolitan Life Association, Head Office, Toronto, is appointing reliable agents all over Canada. The Cosmopolitan is a deserving Home Company and its policies are finding their way into Canadian homes. Applications for territory should be made at once.

LARUE & PICARD,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,
MAIN STREET, — — EDMONTON.

JUST ARRIVED CUTTERS AND BOBSLEIGHS

A large assortment of Wood Repairs for Sleighs, Cutters, Wagons, Buckboards and Buggies. Plow Handles and Beams. Also some oak plank.

W. FIELDERS.

DON'T SEND AWAY FOR YOUR

Supply of Garden Seeds but get them of us and save your cash by giving us produce. We buy fresh seeds in bulk and put up our own packages. Order from us early.

P. DALY & CO. FLOUR & FEED,
EDMONTON.

P. DALY & CO.
EDMONTON.

Flour, Chopped Oats, Chopped Barley, Bran, Shorts, Chicken Feed, Oatmeal, Pot Barley and Rice.

Turkeys, Butter, and
Chickens, Eggs Fish.

H. W. MCKENNEY,

IMPORTER

ST. ALBERT, — — ALBERTA.

TENDERS

Sealed tenders for assessing the Belmont School District during current year, will be received by the Chairman of the Board of Trustees, up to Saturday, February 14th. By order,

JAMES B. STEELE,
Secretary.

NOTICE.

Any persons who have not received their prize money from the Edmonton agricultural society are requested to apply to C. Young, (office 1st building east of Goddridge's hotel), before January 30th, 1891.

M. MCCAULEY, President.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. FRANK OLIVER, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, JAN. 31, 1891.

MILD WINTERS.

Since the first of November the thermometer has only registered below zero on three occasions, the lowest being 19 below on January 15th. During the greater part of the three months passed the weather has been mild and spring-like. There has only been sufficient snow for sleighing since January commenced and on Thursday rain fell which nearly took the snow away. There have been no high winds, the prevailing breeze being from the west. Taken altogether the winter so far has been most delightful, something that would have to be seen and felt to be appreciated. Nor are such winters altogether a rarity in this region. The winter of 1877-78 had principally the same characteristics. There may have been a little more cold weather, and there certainly was less snow. But throughout the winter was most delightfully fine and the spring opened early. The winter of 1881-2 was mild until March. Then there was a little severe weather and spring did not open early, but on the whole the winter was mild. In 1888-9 there was absolutely no snow and no severely cold weather; still that winter was not considered as pleasant as this, in which the weather has been milder and there has been more snow. There is enough of the meanness of humanity in the people of this section of the Northwest to take a certain amount of satisfaction in reading of the blizzards and zero weather injuring property and rendering life unpleasant in districts hundreds and even thousands of miles to the south and east in Kansas and New York, while they are enjoying skies as bright as those of Italy and breezes as balmy as those of the Isles of Greece, latitude 53 as Edmonton. The more so because the northern latitude of the Northwest, and particularly of this the most northerly agricultural settlement in the Northwest, is perpetually held up as a bug-bear to those who cast their eyes in this direction. No matter what may be said in favor of the productiveness or healthfulness or general advantages of the country, the outcry, "It's too far north," offsets these advantages in so many minds, that there is felt a particular satisfaction when the northern latitude has so very markedly the most pleasant and favorable weather.

At the same time, as the residents of the country acquire more thorough experience in it, they lay less and less stress on this wonderful mildness of climate as one of its attractions. They have learned just how false and foolish is the idea that the cold and snow of winter are an evil to be escaped from if possible at any cost. They have heard it laid down as a self evident and incontrovertible proposition that the warmer the climate the more desirable the country. Nothing could be further from the plain fact. If that principle were correct, France must be better than England and Spain than France, while Morocco in Africa must be as much better than Spain. As a matter of fact England, with the coldest and most unpleasant climate, is the most productive and richest country of the four, while Spain, the most southern of the three European countries, is at once the poorest and the least productive. Manitoba is notoriously more productive than Minnesota, Minnesota than Iowa and Iowa than Kansas, and yet Manitoba has the longest winter and the coldest climate. Manitoba and England are not more productive than the regions south of them in spite of their severe climates but because of them.

In this Northwest where the tendency is towards dryness of the atmosphere on account of elevation and distance from the ocean, the snow and cold of winter are the best guarantee of good crops during the following summer, the best assurance that there will be abundant moisture to start the seed in the spring and let the extra sunlight of midsummer do its work in bringing the grain to the greatest perfection.

Where the snow falls deep in winter the ground is saturated with fertilizing moisture, the ponds are filled, the streams flow, and the earth produces abundantly as it does in the Saskatchewan region. Far south, say in Montana, where it is the boast of the inhabitants that there is no winter, that snow does not lie, what is the result? There is no moisture in the ground when the frost leaves it, there is no possibility of growth until rain falls in summer. The rain fall is light, the growth is scanty and the region is a desert, except in the small patches here and there where it is possible to irrigate. The chief cause of difference between the inexhaustibly fertile region of the Saskatchewan and the barren deserts of Montana and Wyoming is not the geological formation, which is almost identical, nor is it the topography which is very similar, but it is simply the latitude which gives the Saskatchewan an assured winter and a season of cold and snow fall which makes the earth productive, while the more southern regions are denied this snow fall and its consequent fertility and are therefore unproductive and valueless agriculturally. The mild winter is acceptable as an occasional visitor, but a succession of mild winters would make this north country as desert as the far Western States are and therefore are neither desired nor desirable.

VICTORIA, B. C., is probably the most "advanced" city in Canada in its disregard of the ten commandments—the only one in which the city fathers publicly announce that those commandments need not—or indeed should not—be kept. Naturally the clergyman of the city feel it to be their duty to attempt to bring about a different state of affairs, and an agitation looking to that end has been in progress for some time. At a public meeting held some time ago the present Mayor Grant, defended the peculiar state of morality sanctioned by the city government on the grounds of expediency, and claimed exemption from criticism on the plea of charity. He accused the moral reformers of having materially injured the city in that by publishing the facts regarding its moral and material condition they prevented people from choosing it as a place of residence. If the mayor were not joined too firmly to his idol Ashtaroth, he would see that on this ground—merely as a matter of expediency, of money getting—it would pay Victoria to bring itself more nearly in line with the commandments and at the same time act on the principle that cleanliness is next to Godliness.

HON. ALEX. MCKENZIE, M. P. for East York, has been tendered, and accepted, the nomination by the liberals of that constituency. Mr. McKenzie announced his views on the trade question as being in favor of the principles upon which he was defeated in 1878, that is tariff for revenue, and reciprocity with the United States if that can be secured on fair terms. He expressed himself as unfavorable to commercial union or to any policy that would discriminate against British, as the heart of the empire. The Globe and the Empire have been disputing ever since as to what Mr. McKenzie meant by what he said, the Globe trying to make him out a commercial unionist and the Empire a protectionist. Mr. McKenzie is too honest a man at all too upright a politician to suit either Globe or Empire. If his physical infirmities did not press so heavily on him there are thousands of Canadians who would be glad to vote for his principles and follow his leadership, who look with a very bias eye on the commercial union of Cartwright and the high tariff of Sir John. Time is proving that Mackenzie's tariff policy and his railway policy were the best after all.

The Regina Leader in reply to the Montreal Herald announced that Sir John A. Macdonald and the conservative party cannot and do not meditate treachery to so faithful and valuable a follower as Mr. Davin is and has been; but that even if the suggested treachery did become active, it would not alter Mr. Davin's attitude towards Sir John and the party. The most arrogant leader could not ask for anything more severe. The true cost will always lie the hand that smites it.

The submission of a question in the House of Commons to the United States supreme court at the instance of the Canadian government, as announced by the government papers as a masterpiece of statesmanship. To the narrow and prejudiced mind of this journal it is a plain case of suing Satan before the court of Shesh.

The new mayor of Calgary and his council do not seem to agree, if the Calgary papers are to be believed.

GREATEST BARGAINS OF THE DAY

AT EDMONTON'S CHEAPEST STORE.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

Ladies will here find a very large selection of seasonable dress goods at most moderate prices. Special attention is directed to some extra qualities of Flannelettes, Galates, Prints, and Gingham, direct from the English Manufacturers, all extra values. Also seasonable Underwear in silk, Cashmere and Lamb's Wool. Fancy Goods in endless variety.

MEN'S AND BOY'S DEPARTMENT.

In Men's and Boy's ready made clothing, Fur and Cloth Overcoats, Pea Jackets, Tweed Suits, Cardigans, Overalls, Etc., the stock is large and prices all that could be desired. Also Fire Coats, Scotch and Canadian, Tweeds, Coriories, Etc. White Press Shirts, Flannel, and Knitted Shirts, Silk Cashmere Mufflers, Silk Handkerchiefs, Ties and Scarfs, Braces, Gloves and Mitts, Arctic Socks, Rubbers, Mocassins, and a splendid assortment of Woollen Underwear.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS, CROCKERY, CHINA, ETC.

Parties furnishing will do well to inspect the large assortment of these goods now displayed consisting of Carpets, Rugs, Floor Cloths, Table covers, Oil Cloths, Piano Covers, Curtains (all kinds), Window Blinds, Blankets, Quilts, Curtain Fringes, Towels, Sheetings, Napkins, Toilet Requisites, Dinner and Tea Sets, Glassing China ware, Brackets, Handsome Mirrors, Pictures, Ornaments, Picture Frames, Etc.

TO FARMERS.

I am now prepared to take Grain in payment of Goods purchased from this date.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER,

DIRECT IMPORTER OF ENGLISH GOODS.

STRONG BAKERS' AND XXXX FLOUR.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

BOOTS AND SHOES, ETC.,

AT BROWN & CURRY

HEADQUARTERS FOR GROCERIES.

NORRIS & CAREY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN GROCERIES

WE CLAIM TO HAVE THE CHEAPEST, LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

STOCK OF GROCERIES EVER BROUGHT INTO THE NORTHWEST.

NO SPECIAL CUT ON ANY ONE ARTICLE BUT REDUCED PRICES

ALL ROUND.

ALL ORDERS THROUGH TOWN PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

HIGHEST PRICES IN CASH PAID FOR FURS.

NORRIS & CAREY.

ST. ALBERT ROAD.

JAS. McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and Doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Office and shop at junction of Jasper Avenue and Main street. P. O. Box 107. Jas. McDonald.

A. F. DEAGNE, Carpenter and Contractor. Plans and Specifications furnished. Mill-work done specially. Doors and Sash on hand. Victoria Avenue, next Registry Office, Ed. Edmonton, Alberta.

BOB SLEIGHTS, CUTTERS & JUMPERS.

On hand and made to order. Carriage Making and General Repairing. Oats or cattle taken in exchange at market price. JOHN WALTER, South Edmonton.

WEST END BLACKSMITH AND

CARRIAGE WORKS. HOUSE-MADE A SPECIALTY. Farm Produce taken in exchange for work. Remember the place. Near Norris & Carey's. JAMES BICKERTON.

CURLING SCHEDULE.

The following is the schedule of curling games for next week:

Monday:
Dr. Wilson—Jas. McDonald.
C. Young—Rev. C. Cunningham.

Tuesday:
J. F. Smith—W. G. Ibbotson.
A. F. Degagne—Jas. McMunn.

Wednesday:
E. Looby—A. Coghill.
Dr. Wilson—T. B. Henderson.

Thursday:
C. Young—Jas. McDonald.
B. Wilson—Rev. C. Cunningham.

Friday:
E. Looby—A. F. Degagne.
Jas. McMunn—W. G. Ibbotson.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Registrations in the Edmonton district for three preceeding half years:

| Half year ending. | Births | Marriages | Deaths |
|-------------------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Dec. 31, 1889, | 14 | 2 | 1 |
| June 30, 1890, | 38 | 7 | 14 |
| Dec. 31, 1890, | 67 | 12 | 27 |
| | 120 | 31 | 42 |

It will be apparent from these returns that in the first year during which registration could be effected full advantage was not taken of the privilege. Only during the half year last past can the returns be considered measurably accurate. For that period returns have been received from Victoria settlement in the east to Lake St. Ann in the west, the population represented being between 2,000 and 3,000 in number. No returns have been received from Lac la Biche settlement in the far north-eastern part of the district. No fee is charged for the registration of a birth, marriage or death. Births must be registered by the parents within 30 days, marriages by the clergymen within 90, and deaths by the occupant of the house within fourteen days. The ordinance provides that "If any person required by this ordinance to report births, marriages, deaths and burials, refuses or wilfully neglects to do so within the time named, such person shall, for each and every offence, forfeit and pay a sum not less than \$1 nor more than \$50 and costs in the discretion of the presiding justice before whom the case is heard; and it shall be the duty of the division registrar to prosecute all such persons so neglecting or refusing to make required reports; but if the return required by this ordinance to be made by more than one person is made by any one of such persons, the other of such persons shall not be liable to any penalty in respect of his default, and such prosecution shall be commenced within two years after the time allowed for reporting the birth, marriage, death or burial.

LAND GUIDE.

With the prospect of a very large immigration to this district in the coming spring the necessity for increasing the working staff of the land office here by the appointment of a competent land guide arises. Hitherto the immigration has not been sufficiently large to warrant such an appointment, but with the construction of the railway and the wholesale advertising which this region has received at all hands and in all quarters during the past twelve months there is no doubt that the inflow of population during the coming season will render the services of a land guide necessary. The varied character of the country surrounding Edmonton makes it very necessary that the new arrival should have some person of experience to guide him to the various differing sections in order that he may be the more certain to find the kind of location he desires; to show him where the hay land, the wood land and the prairie land are to be had separately or together. The services of an experienced person are also requisite in many cases to assist in finding the corner stakes of the claim which the settler wishes to take. The surveys in this district were made chiefly in 1882 and 1883, and since then the lines cut through woods have grown up, corner stakes set up have in many cases rotted or burned down, and it is therefore often difficult for the new comer to find the boundaries or to define the location of his desired claim, which could be done by a competent land guide with very little trouble. In former seasons the people of Edmonton, and particularly the board of trade, have spent a very considerable sum of money in driving land hunters over the district and trying to locate them, but with increased immigration this tax becomes too heavy for private pockets and must be assumed by the land department or else the necessary service will cease to be rendered.

Manitoba has a great deal of wheat for shipment so badly damaged as to be useless, only for feeding purposes. If Manitoba farmers had the stock to consume this damaged wheat they would not lose so heavily as

OWING NO DOUBT TO THE UNUSUAL-

LY MILD WEATHER

WINTER GOODS

HAVE NOT BEEN MOVING AS RAPID-

LY AS WE WOULD LIKE, AND

WE ARE NOW OFFERING

THE FOLLOWING LINES

AT SLAUGHTER PRICES.

OVERCOATS AND ALL READY MADE CLOTHING

MEN'S AND BOY'S WOOL SHIRTS AND

DRAWERS, TWEED SHIRTS.

TREMENDOUS BARGAINS IN HORSE

BLANKETS.

FELT BOOTS AND OVERSHOES

AWAY DOWN.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SHELF HARDWARE

AT STARTLINGLY LOW PRICES.

COAL OIL IN NOT LESS THEN

FIVE GALLONS LOTS FOR

60 CENTS PER GALLON.

CALL, SEE THE GOODS AND PRICES

AND BE CONVINCED THAT

NEVER IN THE MERCHAN-

TILE HISTORY OF EDMON-

TON HAVE GOODS BEEN

OFFERED AT SUCH PRICES.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

A. MACDONALD & COMPANY,

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY,

EDMONTON.

AT FORT AND MAIN STREET STORES

OFFER THEIR WELL KNOWN CHOICE

ASSORTMENT OF GOODS.

OATS, BUTTER AND EGGS TAKEN AT

HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICES FOR FURS.

NO ONE HAVING EVEN A MUSK-

RAT TO SELL SHOULD

SELL IT WITHOUT

GETTING OUR

FIGURES.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

The attention of the purchasing public is respectfully directed to the magnificent stock of staple goods now on view at THE BUFFALO STORE. Comprising about sixteen thousand dollars worth of Dry Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Boots and Shoes and Groceries, all bought for cash, thereby enabling the goods to be landed here from MONTREAL at original INVOICE PRICES, the benefit of which my customers will get, the goods were all personally selected from some of the BEST WHOLESALE HOUSES KNOWN IN THE EAST AND SOME PARTICULARLY FINE BARGAINS WERE SECURED.

GOODS can now be bought at ONTARIO PRICES. It is impossible to enumerate a tenth part of the many various lines in stock or the many choice bargains and inducements that are being offered.

The stock is well assorted and contains rare bargains in all the different departments or lines carried.

JOHN A. McDOUGALL.

FORT SASKATCHEWAN, ALBERTA

F. FRASER TIMS.

Has now received, direct from the Eastern Markets, about two carloads of New Fall and Winter Goods, consisting in part of:

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS,
MEN'S CLOTHING AND UNDERWEAR,
MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN WOOL SOX,
" " " OVERSHOES,
" " " BOOTS AND SHOES,
" " " SLIPPERS,
FANCY GOODS,
BLANKETS AND RUGS,
FUR CAPS, ALL KINDS AND SIZES.
FUR COATS, PEAJACKETS AND LONG OVERCOATS,
CARDIGAN JACKETS,
CLOUTS AND MUFFLERS,
MITTS, GLOVES AND MOCCASINS,

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
ASSORTMENT OF EVAPORATED FRUITS,
MARMALADE AND JAMS IN ALL SIZED CANS,
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PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given warning all persons against settling on the Indian Reserve known as "Pass-Pass-Chase's Reserve" situated at Two Hills, five miles south of Edmonton on the Calgary trail, the same being bounded as follows viz:

"By a line beginning at a post in mound, 'twenty-eight chains and forty-six links, 'more or less, North, and seventy-one chains 'and seventy-five links, more or less, West 'of the North East corner of Section 7, Tp. '52, Range, 24, West of the 4th. Initial Merid- 'ian, and running East five hundred and 'sixty chains, more or less, to a post, thence 'South four hundred and fifty-three chains 'and forty-three links, more or less to a post, 'thence West five hundred and sixty-two 'chains and seven links, more or less, to a 'post and thence North four hundred and 'fifty-seven chains and fourteen links to the 'point of beginning."

Further notice is hereby given that no compensation will be allowed for any improvements that may be found on any portion of the said Reserve at time of sale thereof.

By order of
The Supt. Gen'l of Indian Affairs,
(Sgd.) HAYTER REED,
Commissioner of Indian Affairs,
for Man. and N. W. T.

Regina,
June 9th, 1890.

STEWART D. MULKINS,

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

RED DEER, ALBERTA

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